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LIBERALS/CONSERVATIVES IN VIRTUAL TIE

"HAITI EFFECT" NOT YET BOOSTING TORIES

[Ottawa – January 21, 2010] - The federal Liberals have pulled into a virtual tie with the Conservatives in the past week – the first time they have drawn so close to the governing party since late summer.

"The Conservative Party has been in decline since mid-October," said EKOS President Frank Graves. "However, for the first time it is possible to say that the Liberals have also had a rebound – albeit a more modest one."

The Liberals sunk into the mid-20 percent range in the fall after threatening to force an election. Today's poll marks the first time since then that they have cracked the thirty per cent mark.

HIGHLIGHTS

- National federal vote intention:
 - ¤ 31.5% CPC
 - **¤ 30.9% LPC**
 - **¤ 14.9% NDP**
 - ¤ 11.5% Green
 - **¤ 9.1% BQ**
 - **2.1% Other**
- Direction of government:
 - **¤ 45% Right Direction**
 - **¤ 43% Wrong Direction**
 - **¤ 12% DK/NR**

Please note that the methodology is provided at the end of this document.

"The Liberals continued to edge upward this week despite Stephen Harper's adroit response to the disaster in Haiti, which dominated the news, obliterating the vexatious issues of prorogation and the treatment of Afghan detainees," Graves said. "However, public opinion sometimes lags the news by a few days, and so it will be important to watch whether the trends of the last month or two are sustained in coming weeks."

The Liberals are staging a comeback at the moment among many of their key regions and demographics. They have regained a modest lead in Ontario, and a larger one in the Atlantic provinces. They are now clearly the strongest federalist party in Quebec.

"One key demographic group to watch as the race between the two major parties tightens are the baby-boomers," said Graves. "They swung to the Conservatives in the last two elections, especially the most affluent among them. They then defected to the Liberals following the market crash, slowly moved back to the Tories as the markets recovered and the Liberals failed to offer a clear alternative economic plan. Now many are defecting to the Liberals again, apparently unhappy with the Conservatives' governance style. The Conservatives still lead among this group, but their lead is much less significant than it was."

The Liberals now have a clear lead among younger voters, though they continue to lag the Conservatives among older voters who have a higher propensity to vote. They have reclaimed a solid lead among university educated voters and among New Canadians – groups they had lost to the Tories during what was a dismal political fall season for the Liberal Party.



The Conservatives retain a narrow lead among men – a demographic group among whom they often lead by a larger margin. The two parties are virtually tied among women, though the Liberals have been on an upward trend in what is for them a traditional bulwark demographic.

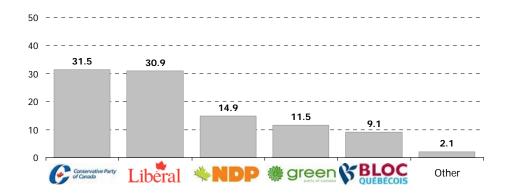
The poll is one of a regular series conducted by EKOS Research Associates for exclusive release by the CBC.

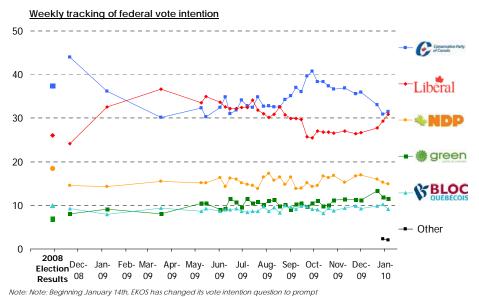


Top Line Results:

Federal vote intention

Q. If a federal election were held tomorrow, which party would you vote for?





for "other" in addition to the main political parties. Any changes in federal vote intention between January 7th and January 14th should be interpreted with that in mind.

Note: The data on federal vote intention are based on decided voters only. Our survey also finds that 13.5% of Canadians are undecided/ineligible to vote.

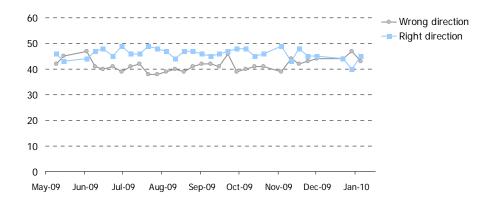
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BASE: Decided voters; most recent data point Jan. 13-19 (n=2517)



Direction of government

Q. All things considered, would you say the Government of Canada is moving in the right direction or the wrong direction?



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BASE: Canadians; most recent data point Jan. 13-19 (n=half sample)



Detailed Tables:

National Federal Vote Intention

	Conservative Party of Consess	Liberal	*NDP	green	FBLOC QUÉBÉCOIS	Other	Sample Size	Margin of Error (+/-)
NATIONALLY	31.5%	30.9%	14.9%	11.5%	9.1%	2.1%	2517	2.0
REGION								
British Columbia	35.7%	25.2%	20.4%	15.3%	0.0%	3.4%	334	5.4
Alberta	47.2%	23.9%	11.9%	13.4%	0.0%	3.5%	235	6.4
Saskatchewan/Manitoba	43.0%	22.2%	24.0%	8.9%	0.0%	1.8%	163	7.7
Ontario	33.5%	37.7%	13.3%	13.3%	0.0%	2.3%	968	3.2
Quebec	18.1%	25.5%	11.2%	8.3%	36.0%	1.0%	610	4.0
Atlantic Canada	28.0%	41.8%	22.6%	6.1%	0.0%	1.4%	207	6.8
GENDER								
Male	33.4%	31.6%	13.6%	10.8%	8.6%	1.9%	1234	2.8
Female	29.7%	30.2%	16.2%	12.2%	9.4%	2.3%	1283	2.7
AGE								
<25	16.4%	27.2%	17.0%	22.9%	13.9%	2.6%	209	6.8
25-44	26.9%	31.1%	14.8%	14.0%	11.3%	1.9%	785	3.5
45-64	34.4%	31.0%	15.8%	8.8%	7.8%	2.2%	1036	3.0
65+	43.9%	32.7%	11.9%	5.2%	4.2%	2.1%	487	4.4
EDUCATION								
High school or less	29.1%	28.8%	16.1%	11.2%	11.6%	3.3%	712	3.7
College or CEGEP	36.3%	26.1%	13.9%	12.1%	9.7%	1.8%	820	3.4
University or higher	29.3%	36.6%	14.8%	11.3%	6.5%	1.5%	985	3.1
METROPOLITAN CANADA								
Vancouver	38.8%	28.5%	19.0%	12.3%	0.0%	1.4%	134	8.5
Calgary	50.6%	26.3%	9.4%	8.0%	0.0%	5.7%	54	13.3
Toronto	32.0%	39.4%	14.8%	11.7%	0.0%	2.1%	339	5.3
Ottawa	36.5%	40.8%	10.8%	10.5%	0.0%	1.4%	162	7.7
Montreal	16.5%	26.9%	12.9%	9.0%	33.4%	1.3%	291	5.7



Federal Vote Intention - British Columbia

Q. If a federal election were held tomorrow, which party would you vote for?

	Consumative Party of Canada	Liberal	*NDP	green	Other	Sample Size	Margin of Error (+/-)
OVERALL	35.7%	25.2%	20.4%	15.3%	3.4%	334	5.4
GENDER							
Male	34.9%	27.1%	17.0%	18.1%	2.9%	181	7.3
Female	35.3%	22.9%	23.6%	13.7%	4.5%	153	7.9
AGE							
<25	27.0%	26.9%	14.2%	22.6%	9.3%	22	20.9
25-44	30.6%	23.7%	19.1%	23.4%	3.2%	99	9.9
45-64	36.7%	27.1%	20.2%	13.3%	2.6%	151	8.0
65+	45.2%	22.1%	26.2%	3.0%	3.5%	62	12.5
EDUCATION							
High school or less	33.0%	20.8%	27.2%	13.3%	5.7%	74	11.4
College or CEGEP	38.9%	22.8%	17.9%	18.0%	2.4%	127	8.7
University or higher	32.5%	29.7%	18.4%	15.6%	3.8%	133	8.5

Federal Vote Intention - Alberta

	Consonative Porty of Canada	Liberal	*NDP	green	Other	Sample Size	Margin of Error (+/-)
OVERALL	47.2%	23.9%	11.9%	13.4%	3.5%	235	6.4
GENDER							
Male	48.3%	26.4%	9.7%	13.1%	2.6%	121	8.9
Female	45.3%	21.3%	14.4%	14.5%	4.5%	114	9.2
AGE							
<25	18.6%	21.7%	32.8%	26.9%	0.0%	22	20.9
25-44	39.6%	25.2%	12.9%	17.7%	4.6%	68	11.9
45-64	55.3%	21.1%	8.4%	12.1%	3.1%	99	9.9
65+	59.1%	28.0%	6.3%	2.2%	4.3%	46	14.5
EDUCATION							
High school or less	43.8%	26.5%	15.9%	10.1%	3.6%	61	12.6
College or CEGEP	56.6%	17.2%	9.6%	13.0%	3.6%	80	11.0
University or higher	40.5%	27.5%	11.7%	16.8%	3.5%	94	10.1



Federal Vote Intention - Saskatchewan/Manitoba

Q. If a federal election were held tomorrow, which party would you vote for?

	Conservative Party of Canada	Liberal	*NDP	green	Other	Sample Size	Margin of Error (+/-)
OVERALL	43.0%	22.2%	24.0%	8.9%	1.8%	163	7.7
GENDER							
Male	46.6%	25.8%	17.8%	8.4%	1.3%	87	10.5
Female	37.0%	18.3%	32.5%	9.5%	2.7%	76	11.2
AGE							
<25	24.0%	41.9%	8.7%	25.3%	0.0%	12	28.3
25-44	45.2%	16.6%	26.0%	8.1%	4.1%	49	14.0
45-64	38.5%	25.1%	29.9%	6.5%	0.0%	60	12.7
65+	52.2%	19.4%	19.1%	7.0%	2.3%	42	15.1
EDUCATION							
High school or less	44.8%	17.4%	25.2%	9.0%	3.6%	55	13.2
College or CEGEP	49.4%	10.4%	32.1%	8.1%	0.0%	44	14.8
University or higher	35.9%	33.8%	19.2%	9.3%	1.9%	64	12.3

Federal Vote Intention - Ontario

	Communitie Party of Canada	Liberal	*NDP	* green	Other	Sample Size	Margin of Error (+/-)
OVERALL	33.5%	37.7%	13.3%	13.3%	2.3%	968	3.2
GENDER							
Male	35.0%	37.8%	12.3%	12.5%	2.4%	472	4.5
Female	31.9%	37.3%	14.2%	14.6%	2.1%	496	4.4
AGE							
<25	22.1%	31.0%	12.9%	30.4%	3.7%	72	11.6
25-44	30.9%	38.3%	12.3%	16.9%	1.5%	278	5.9
45-64	35.0%	36.6%	16.2%	9.6%	2.5%	419	4.8
65+	41.6%	41.7%	9.2%	5.2%	2.3%	199	7.0
EDUCATION							
High school or less	33.9%	34.3%	11.8%	15.2%	4.8%	211	6.8
College or CEGEP	38.0%	31.6%	13.5%	14.7%	2.2%	307	5.6
University or higher	29.7%	43.6%	13.9%	11.9%	0.9%	450	4.6



Federal Vote Intention - Quebec

Q. If a federal election were held tomorrow, which party would you vote for?

	Conservative Party of Canada	Liberal	*NDP	green	\$BLOC QUÉBÉCOIS	Other	Sample Size	Margin of Error (+/-)
OVERALL	18.1%	25.5%	11.2%	8.3%	36.0%	1.0%	610	4.0
GENDER								
Male	23.0%	21.9%	12.9%	6.1%	35.8%	0.2%	279	5.9
Female	16.4%	28.8%	9.3%	9.3%	34.6%	1.7%	331	5.4
AGE								
<25	7.1%	25.3%	8.9%	14.2%	43.3%	1.2%	66	12.1
25-44	13.0%	26.6%	13.1%	9.6%	37.3%	0.3%	229	6.5
45-64	22.5%	22.7%	10.7%	5.2%	36.9%	2.0%	218	6.6
65+	35.4%	28.6%	9.0%	4.8%	22.2%	0.0%	97	10.0
EDUCATION								
High school or less	17.5%	29.3%	9.4%	7.7%	34.4%	1.7%	234	6.4
College or CEGEP	23.3%	20.2%	10.5%	7.6%	38.0%	0.5%	194	7.0
University or higher	18.8%	25.8%	13.9%	7.9%	33.2%	0.4%	182	7.3

Federal Vote Intention - Atlantic Canada

	Conservative Party of Canada	Liberal	*NDP	* green	Other	Sample Size	Margin of Error (+/-)
OVERALL	28.0%	41.8%	22.6%	6.1%	1.4%	207	6.8
GENDER							
Male	26.2%	48.0%	18.3%	4.6%	2.8%	94	10.1
Female	29.8%	34.9%	27.4%	8.0%	0.0%	113	9.2
AGE							
<25	5.3%	15.6%	63.5%	15.6%	0.0%	15	25.3
25-44	25.4%	46.5%	20.4%	3.9%	3.8%	62	12.5
45-64	28.2%	47.7%	21.0%	3.2%	0.0%	89	10.4
65+	45.1%	33.3%	9.7%	11.9%	0.0%	41	15.3
EDUCATION							
High school or less	25.8%	30.4%	35.0%	7.5%	1.2%	77	11.2
College or CEGEP	30.8%	45.2%	15.6%	6.9%	1.5%	68	11.9
University or higher	27.9%	50.0%	16.1%	4.5%	1.4%	62	12.5



Direction of Government

Q. All things considered, would you say the Government of Canada is moving in the right direction or the wrong direction?

	Right Direction	Wrong Direction	DK/NR	Sample Size	Margin of Error (+/-)
NATIONALLY	45%	43%	12%	1455	2.6
REGION					
British Columbia	43%	44%	14%	175	7.4
Alberta	51%	37%	12%	132	8.5
Saskatchewan/Manitoba	48%	38%	14%	107	9.5
Ontario	46%	42%	12%	551	4.2
Quebec	42%	48%	10%	364	5.1
Atlantic Canada	43%	44%	13%	126	8.7
GENDER					
Male	46%	45%	9%	716	3.7
Female	44%	42%	14%	739	3.6
AGE					
<25	42%	45%	13%	124	8.8
25-44	44%	47%	9%	482	4.5
45-64	45%	43%	12%	580	4.1
65+	48%	35%	17%	269	6.0
EDUCATION					
High school or less	47%	37%	16%	451	4.6
College or CEGEP	47%	42%	11%	469	4.5
University or higher	40%	50%	9%	535	4.2
CURRENT VOTE INTENTION					
Conservative Party of Canada	85%	8%	7%	403	4.9
Liberal Party of Canada	31%	57%	11%	405	4.9
NDP	28%	61%	12%	173	7.5
Green Party	34%	55%	11%	132	8.5
Bloc Quebecois	30%	61%	9%	127	8.7
Undecided	11%	69%	21%	24	20.0



Methodology:

EKOS' weekly tracking polls are conducted using Interactive Voice Recognition (IVR) technology, which allows respondents to enter their preferences by punching the keypad on their phone, rather than telling them to an operator.

In an effort to reduce the coverage bias of landline only RDD, we created a dual land-line/cell phone RDD sampling frame for this research. As a result, we are able to reach those with both a landline and cell phone, as well as cell phone only households and landline only households. This dual frame yields a near perfect unweighted distribution on age group and gender, something almost never seen with traditional landline RDD sample or interviewer-administered surveys.

The field dates for this survey are January 13 – January 19, 2009. In total, a random sample of 2,892 Canadians aged 18 and over responded to the survey (including a sub-sample of 2,517 decided voters). The margin of error associated with the total sample is +/-1.8 percentage points, 19 times out of 20.

Please note that the margin of error increases when the results are sub-divided (i.e., error margins for sub-groups such as region, sex, age, education). All the data have been statistically weighted to ensure the samples composition reflects that of the actual population of Canada according to Census data.

Please note that these dates are not inclusive of the weekends, as we do not survey on Saturday or Sunday.